INTENDED USE
The World Health Organization (WHO) International Standard for Chikungunya virus (CHIKV) RNA is intended to be used in the standardization of nucleic acid amplification technique (NAT)-based assays for CHIKV. The standard has been prepared using an East/Central/South African (ESCA) strain of CHIKV (R91064), isolated from a patient returning from India to the U.S. in 2006 (1). The material has been lyophilized in 0.5 mL aliquots and stored at -20°C. The material has been evaluated in an international collaborative study involving 25 laboratories performing a wide range of CHIKV NAT assays. Further details of the collaborative study are available in the report (2).

UNITAGE
This reagent has been assigned a unitage of 2,500,000 International Units/mL.

CONTENTS
Each vial contains 0.5 mL of lyophilized material containing inactivated CHIKV. The virus has been diluted in human negative plasma and lyophilized. The material is intended for dilution in a diluent appropriate for the assay matrix being tested (e.g. plasma).

CAUTION
THIS PREPARATION IS NOT FOR ADMINISTRATION TO HUMANS.
The preparation contains heat inactivated CHIKV. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory's safety procedures. Such safety procedures probably will include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

USE OF MATERIAL
No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freeze-dried material prior to reconstitution. The material is supplied lyophilized and should be stored at or below -20°C. Each vial should be reconstituted in 0.5 mL of sterile nuclease-free water. The product should be reconstituted just prior to use. The product should be used for the calibration of secondary reference preparations for CHIKV RNA. If not all the material is used immediately, laboratories may aliquot the remaining material into suitable single use volumes which should be stored at or below -70°C.

STABILITY
As the stability studies with accelerated conditions indicate high stability of the lyophilized reference material under the recommended storage conditions (at or below -20°C), there is no expiry date assigned to the International Standard. This approach complies with the recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards (3). The reference material is held at the Paul-Ehrlich-Institut (PEI) within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. During its life cycle the stability is monitored at regular intervals. The international standard remains valid with the assigned potency and status until withdrawn or amended.

Reference materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label. Once, diluted or aliquoted, users should determine the stability of the material according to their own method of preparation, storage and use.

Users who have data supporting any deterioration in the characteristics of any reference preparation are encouraged to contact PEI.

REFERENCES
The accession number for the CHIKV virus strain is KJ941050 (4).


ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS
We thank M. Rios (Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research, U.S. Food and Drug Administration) for kindly providing the CHIKV virus strain. We gratefully acknowledge the important contributions of the collaborative study participants.

FURTHER INFORMATION
Further information for this material can be obtained as follows: http://www.pei.de/who-reference-material or whoccvid@pei.de

CUSTOMER FEEDBACK
Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to: whoccvid@pei.de.
11. CITATION

In any circumstance where the recipient publishes a reference to PEI materials, it is important that the correct name of the preparation, the PEI code number, the name, and the address of PEI are cited correctly.

12. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical properties (at room temperature)</th>
<th>Chemical properties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical appearance: Lyophilized powder</td>
<td>Stable: Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire hazard: None</td>
<td>Hygroscopic: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Flammable: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Corrosive: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oxidising: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Irritant: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (specify): Contains inactivated CHIKV</td>
<td>Handling: See caution, section 4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicological properties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Effects of inhalation: Not established - avoid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effects of ingestion: Not established - avoid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effects of skin absorption: Not established - avoid</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Suggested First Aid**

- Inhalation: Seek medical advice
- Ingestion: Seek medical advice
- Contact with eyes: Wash thoroughly with water. Seek medical advice
- Contact with skin: Wash thoroughly with water. Seek medical advice

**Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal**

Spillage of vial contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water. Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as biological waste.

13. CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

PEI does not provide a Certificate of Analysis for WHO Biological Reference Materials because they are internationally recognized primary reference materials fully described in the instructions for use. The reference materials are established according to the WHO Recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards (3). They are officially endorsed by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) based on the report of the international collaborative study which established their suitability for the intended use.

14. LIABILITY AND LOSS

Information provided by the Institute is given after the exercise of all reasonable care and skill in its compilation, preparation and issue, but it is provided without liability to the Recipient in its application and use.

It is the responsibility of the Recipient to determine the appropriateness of the materials supplied by the Institute to the Recipient ("the Goods") for the proposed application and ensure that it has the necessary technical skills to determine that they are appropriate. Results obtained from the Goods are likely to be dependent on conditions of use by the Recipient and the variability of materials beyond the control of the Institute.

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The Institute shall not be liable to the Recipient for any economic loss whether direct or indirect, which arise in connection with this agreement.

The total liability of the Institute in connection with this agreement, whether for negligence or breach of agreement or otherwise, shall in no event exceed 120% of any price paid or payable by the Recipient for the supply of the Goods. If any of the Goods supplied by the Institute should prove not to meet their specification when stored and used correctly (and provided that the Recipient has returned the Goods to the Institute together with written notification of such alleged defect within seven days of the time when the Recipient discovers or ought to have discovered the defect), the Institute shall either replace the Goods or, at its sole option, refund the handling charge provided that performance of either one of the above options shall constitute an entire discharge of the Institute’s liability under this Condition.